

CEVA LOGISTICS DIGITAL LIVE

Rebounding out of COVID-19. A supply chain perspective from Key Industry Leaders.

"Notes from the first live webcast prepared by CEVA Logistics, which was an honor to participate as TMGD Hizmetleri Company."



Notes are compiled by;

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CEVA LOGISTICS DIGITAL LIVE Rebounding out of COVID-19. A supply chain perspective from Key Industry Leaders. - TAKEN NOTES FROM THE WEBCAST -

Camille Egloff

Global Leader Transportation and Logistics BCG

3 main issues affecting the sector and creating anxiety:

- 1. Epidemic
- 2. Economy
- 3. Growth

2008 financial crisis,

- Strategies and paths followed by countries such as Canada and Athens can be taken as examples.
 - In the 2008 financial crisis, Canada managed finance as a single body by gathering its banks under one roof using the centralization system. In other words, the path followed by Canada can be explained as "we will either rise together or fall together". -Centralization
 - Besides the financial crisis, Greece was experiencing political problems. If it was an
 individual country, it could track internal investments and shrinkage, and strengthen the
 internal economy. However, as a member of the European Union, it had to make major
 losses by following the decisions made by the main members. Greece had continued its
 path with the help of other members in the UN yet the economy has never reached its
 old line. Unite, Follow a Single Policy, Collaborate

L, V, and U shapes for recovery

What kind of recovery scenario do you expect for your industry and context? U, V or L shape?

- V shape recovery: Optimistic contained loss (27.3%)
- U shape recovery: Base with significant lost value (64.9%)
- L shape recovery: Pessimistic significant perpetually growing lost value (7.8%)

According to Ms. Camille Egloff, we are at the deep U type of shape of the recovery.

Crisis brings opportunity; in this perspective 2 main questions that need to be asked:

1. What we do and should do?

2. How we do and should do?

<u>Visualizing</u> every scenario can be significant.

2 main elements:

- 1. Visibility creating <u>central control towers</u> Companies are currently making investments on this project.
 - A control tower for supply chains is a central hub with the required technology, organization and processes to capture and use transportation data to provide enhanced visibility for short- and long-term decision-making aligned with strategic objectives.
 Control towers in general support the following essential needs for managing supply chains:
 - Provide end-to-end supply chain visibility
 - Respond and adapt to supply chain disruptions
 - Deliver multi-tier process orchestration and supply chain collaboration
 - Maximize predictive decision-making and dynamic supply chain execution

Motives for using a control tower vary among companies and industries, e.g.:

- Centralized decision-making in CPG
- Supply chain collaboration in manufacturing
- Transparency in retail distribution

At a basic level, you'll find that a robust Control Tower will serve the following functions:

- Real-Time Order Planning: To improve customer service levels, your Control Tower should be able to capture and leverage key data in real-time, such as the delivery time, inventory availability, and transportation costs. Doing so allows you to always select the best, most cost-effective order flow.
- Exceptions Management: Your Control tower should also focus on consistently delivering OTIF orders by tracking supply chain milestones and sending alerts when issues arise. More importantly, your solution should allow you to take action directly within the app.
- Granular Visibility: In addition to track and trace, your Control Tower would ideally provide granular visibility into the details of each order to effectively fulfill on every required element

2 Main Types of Operational Control Towers:

- Transportation focused
- Supply chain focused

Operational Control Towers

Transportation vs. Supply Chain Control Towers

Control Tower Type	Analytics Capabilities	Operational Capabilities			
Transportation	On-time orders Transportation costs Carrier performance Transportation milestones	Track & trace Exceptions management on time related transportation steps Static inventory sourcing Optimization for transportation only Shipment Order focused			
Supply Chain	On-time, in-full orders Total cost to serve (activity costs, transport costs, broker costs, supplier costs, etc.) Supplier, 3PL, carrier and internal resource performance End-to-end supply chain milestones	End-to-end supply chain visibility (manufacturing, distribution, transport, etc.) Exceptions management across any granular supply chain step Dynamic multi-tier inventory sourcing Optimization across transportation, dynamic multi-tier inventory, internal capacity and order SLAs Customer order focused (sales order, shipment order, service order)			

2. Creating an open-book, sharing information with and receiving from others – Collaboration

Criteria #1; companies should consider:

- 1. Cost,
- 2. Quality,
- 3. And Sustainability.

CEVA Logistics Studio

Air capacity will not return back to its old place for the next 2-3 years.

Resilience, adaptability, collaboration, and transparency can assist companies to survive these hard times.

When do you expect to ramp back up to pre-covid levels with your air shipments?

- By Q3 2020 10.9%
- By Q4 2020 13.0%
- By H1 2021 37.3%
- H2 2021 or later 31.6%

• We will not return to the pre-covid levels – 7.3%

Darren Chaisty

Supply Chain Control & Logistics Executive Rolls-Royce plc

- Risk management processes should be taken into account and drawn up for the business.
- Companies should create molds and move from air freight to sea freight lane.
- Cost parameters should be created.

In the upcoming 6-12 months; volume will go down, smoothness in trade will be disappeared, lower sources and materials will be faced.

The sector will be flattened and return to its normal stage in 2-3 years.

<u>Acceleration</u> in every perspective can be a significant game-changer.

Edgard Pezzo

Executive Director Global Logistics and Containerization General Motors

- Mapping
 - o Target your "hot spots" in your business areas.

Move from air to more ocean transportation.

Stay alert for any situation.

General Motors is working and having a close partnership with CEVA. General Motors' logistics field is provided by CEVA.

CEVA LOGISTICS DIGITAL LIVE Rebounding out of COVID-19. A supply chain perspective from Key Industry Leaders. - SLIDES -





TODAY SPEAKERS



















JUNE 2020

Objectives

- 1 Latest Macroeconomic scenarios for COVID recovery
- COVID-19 impact on trade & the different sectors
- BCG perspective on how to accelerate out of COVID

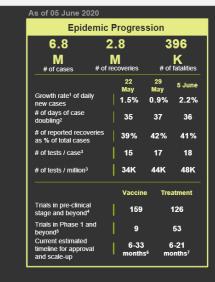
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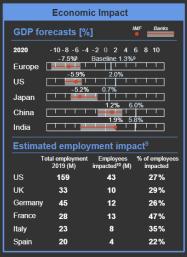


COVID-19 is a journey, requiring an integrated perspective

Flatten **Fight** Future Disease controlled through Urgently limit number Collectively fight the virus, of new cases restart the economy, and vaccine/cure/ herd immunity, support society in balancing and treatment Social distancing (lockdown) and lives and livelihood partial business closures, lead to Reactivated economy with economic recession with large Increasing economic activity with strong business rebound and job employment impact recovering GDP, social distancing growth, social restrictions limited 1. Disease progression, health care system capacity, and response 2. Government policies and economic stimulus 3. Economic scenarios 4. Business engagement and response 5. Public engagement and response All of the above five factors result in specific economic and social outcomes in each phase

COVID-19 Impact dashboard



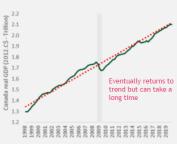




BCG PHENDERSON

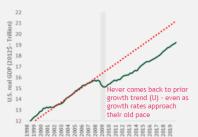
V-U-L empirics - same shock, three shapes

V-shape 2008 Canada



- Canada closest to V-shape (returns to prior trend)
- No systematic banking crisis no damage to economy's supply side

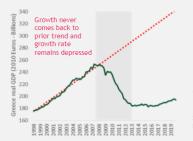
U-shape 2008 United States



- U.S. clear U-shape (returning to growth rate, but at a lower trend)
- Driven by severe banking crisis a one time hit to capital formation (supply side)

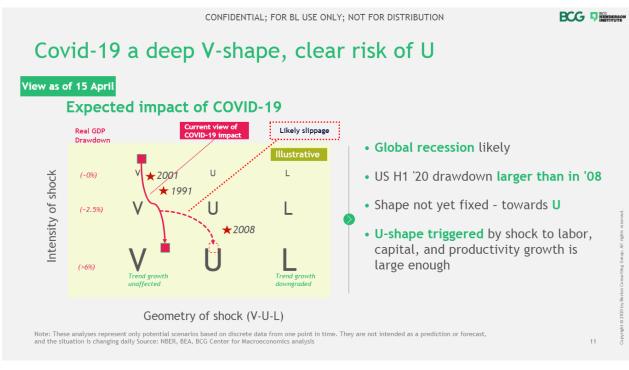
IIIS clear II-shape (returning to

L-shape 2008 Greece



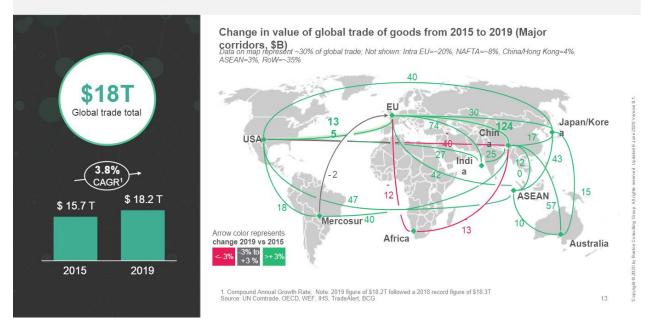
- Greece experienced a sustained depression and L-shape
- Growth has struggled at a much slower pace, with recurring damage to supply side

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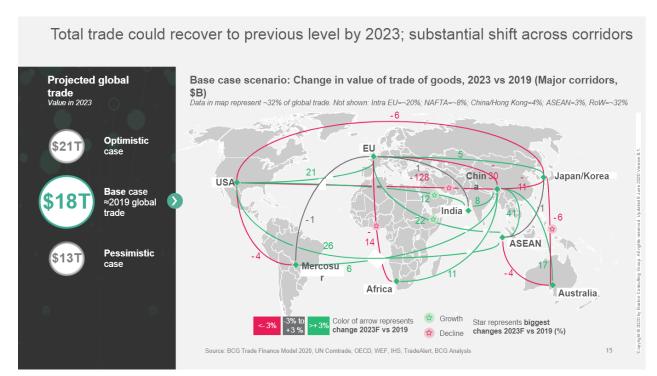
Pre-COVID-19, global trade grew, sustaining a record \$18 trillion in value



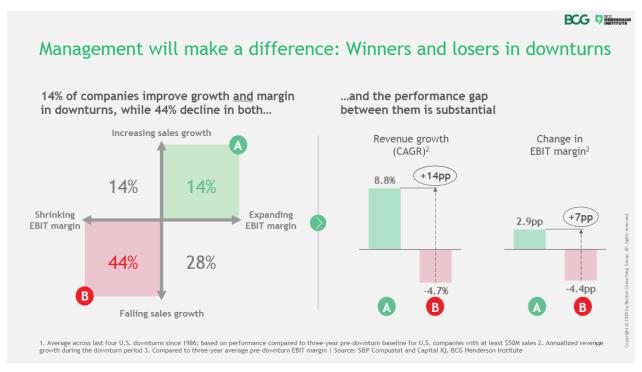
US-China dynamic had already shifted import sources in 2019

% change in go	oods imports ('18-'19)	ASEAN	India	China	JP/KR ¹	EU	Mexico	Brazil	Turkey	RoW^3	World
Health Care	Biopharma	-19%	19%	-14%	10%	17%	-6%	-7%	1%	2%	10%
	MedTech	23%	9%	-2%	-2%	5%	11%	31%	-13%	5%	6%
Consumer Goods	Consumer Durables	33%	10%	-19%	6%	3%	1%	26%	1%	5%	-4%
	Fashion & Luxury	12%	5%	-11%	2%	3%	-6%	-3%	8%	5%	0%
	Packaged Food	6%	15%	-36%	11%	6%	10%	-8%	13%	4%	4%
Tech, Media & Telco	Consumer Electronics	24%	100%²	-13%	-25%	9%	14%	108%²	138%²	15%	-8%
	Equip. & Data Center Solutions	-2%	-12%	-31%	-19%	-2%	-4%	23%	-45%	69%	-13%
	Semiconductor & Materials	14%	36%	-53%	-3%	-7%	-14%	-41%	33%	-3%	0%
Energy	Energy	-40%	18%	-68%	34%	3%	-19%	-2%	10%	-14%	-13%
Industrial Goods	Aerospace	-14%	39%	-9%	3%	18%	21%	31%	21%	12%	13%
	Agribusiness	-8%	0%	-23%	9%	3%	10%	6%	-13%	1%	1%
	Automotive - Components	24%	1%	-17%	1%	-1%	2%	-4%	10%	0%	-2%
	Automotive - Vehicles	12%	4%	-19%	1%	-2%	11%	-36%	-12%	1%	3%
	Chemicals	11%	10%	-16%	4%	-1%	5%	0%	7%	-7%	-4%
	Electrical machinery	10%	21%	-18%	1%	3%	7%	14%	11%	7%	-3%
	Mechanical machinery	13%	6%	-37%	3%	2%	5%	9%	22%	10%	-7%
	Metals	2%	-1%	-15%	-1%	-4%	-2%	-12%	-31%	-8%	-7%
	Mining	-38%	5%	-22%	10%	-27%	30%	16%	-2%	2%	2%
	Non-metal building materials	45%	38%	-29%	6%	0%	6%	3%	21%	0%	-4%
						% change	< -20%	-2% to -20%	20/ 4= .20/	+2% to +20%	> +20%

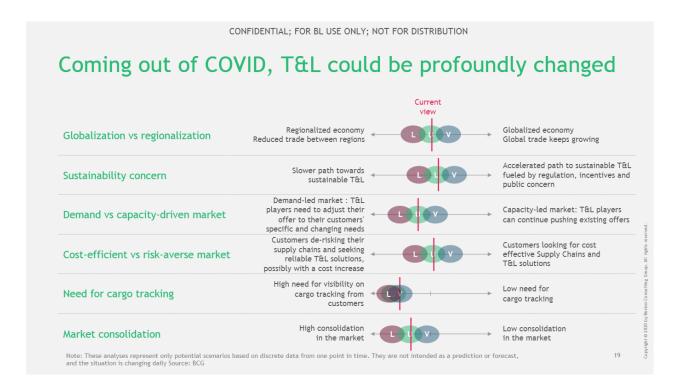
1. Japan, South Korea 2. Growing from a very low base in 2018; 3. Rest of World Source: IHS Markit Global Trade Atlas Global Trade Atlas; BCG & GTI Team analysis



Different impact by sector As of 05 June 2020 Order based on TSR & net debt/enterprise value1 TSR performance Companies with probability of default >15%3 22 May 2020 - 05 June 2020 21 Feb 2020 0% 0% スススス Healthier sectors Pharma Tech Hardvare -26% -16% -1% -3% 0% 0% 0% 0% Household Products -3% -4% -5% 0% 0% 4% Food/staples Retail -10% -31% -32% -30% -40% -30% Health Equipm Materials スススススススススス Soft ware -5% -5% -8% -7% -8% -8% Retailing Prof. Services 0% 0% Pressured sectors -41% -35% -23% 0% 0% 0% 10% Auto 0% 0% Food & Beverage -8% -9% Capital Goods 0% Transport -9% -9% -12% 0% 0% 0% 0% -17% -38% -39% -39% -39% -39% -39% -44% ススススススススス M edia Durable Goods -12% -17% -19% Utilities 0% 0% 0% 0% 17% Vulnerable sectors Real Estate Banks -19% 0% Hospitality Energy Pos. trend >= 2% No sig. change Neg. trend >= 2% Note: As of 05 June 2020; Based on top SBP Global 1200 companies; Sectors are based on GICS definitions; 1. From latest available balance sheet 2. Performance is tracked for two periods, first from 21 February 2020; (before international acceleration of outbreak) to 20 March 2020 (trough of the market) and from 21 February 2020 through 05 June 2020 based on medialns; 3. Implied by 5-year Credit Defaults twap based on medians 3. ource: SBP Capital ECG ValueScelence© Center; BCC

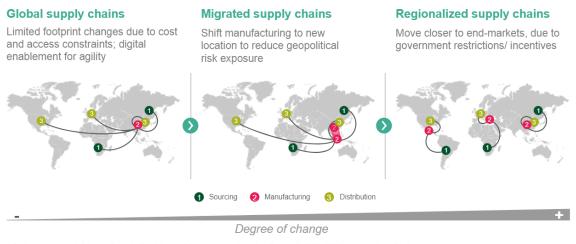






Companies already starting to adapt supply chains; three models emerge

Illustrative example for a firm traditionally manufacturing in Asia and selling globally¹



1. Starting point and speed of change will vary significantly between industries, i.e. some industries will start and/or finish within few months, others within the next years Source. BCG

Immediate actions to increase supply chain resilience, and rebalance priorities

Flatten Fight & Future

Workforce safety

Continuity

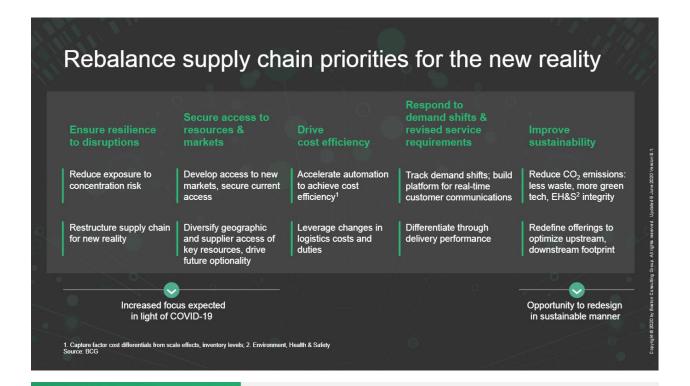
Scenarios

Take immediate actions to increase current supply chain resilience

Evaluate supply chain design tradeoffs to rebalance priorities

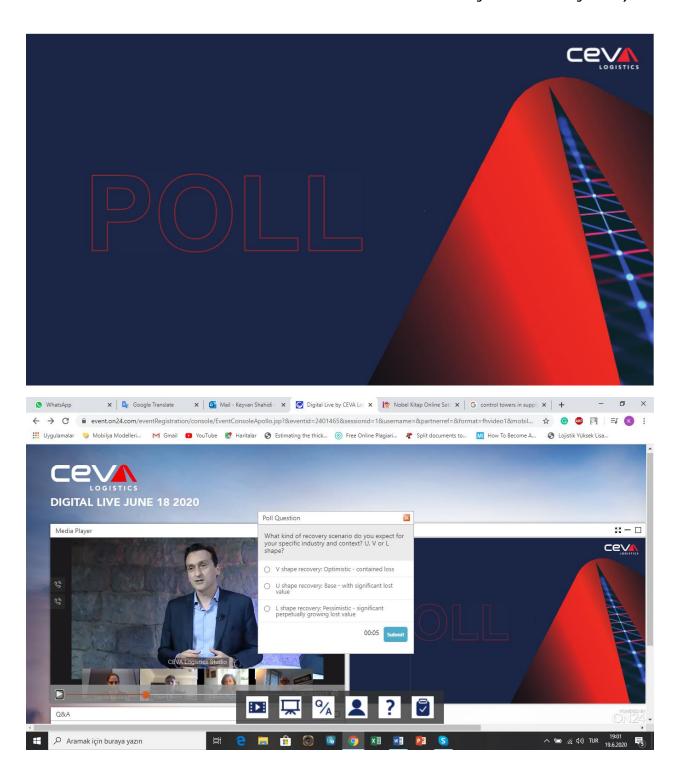
Source: BCG

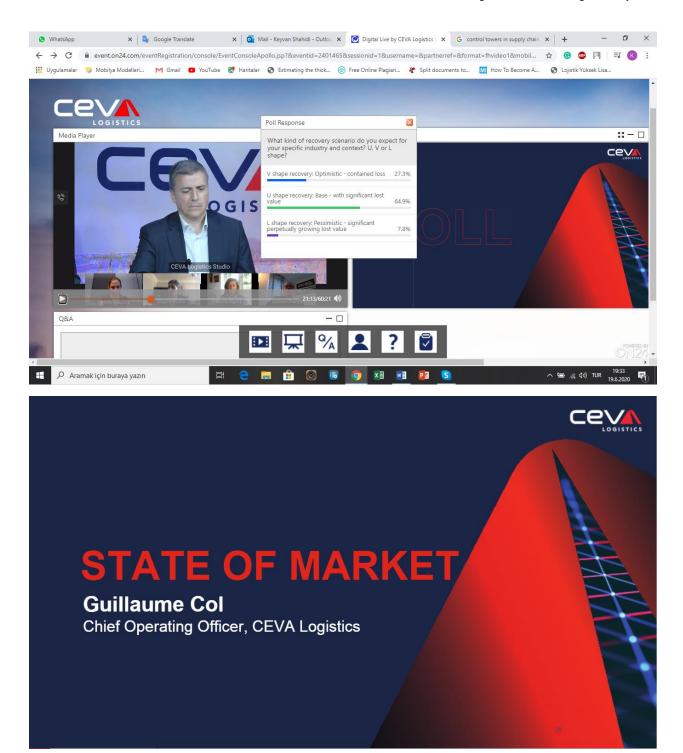
Immediate action | Five focus areas support more efficient supply chain ops Integrate more closely Mandate Implement "shock with suppliers and E2E visibility absorbers" customers Connect closely with key stakeholders Maintain critical inventory close to market Build control tower Establish governance Integrate planning Stock key raw materials as buffer efforts across supply Optimize for the near term chains **Enhance** Streamline capabilities complexity Reduce low Enhance S&OP to value/volume SKU manage volatility Increase plant Leverage analytics efficiency for real-time demand sensing For further reading, please refer to The New Reality for Chief Supply Chain Officers Source: BCG



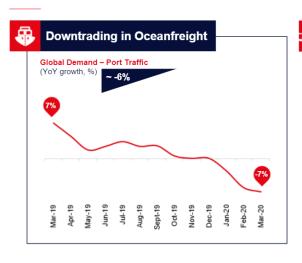
Conclusions

- Impact taking a longer-term profile
- 2 Trade impacted significantly; shifts across corridors
- 3 Those best prepared will win





MASSIVE IMPACT IN FREIGHT FORWARDING





Sources: Seabury Global Trade Dashboard - Air Freight and Drewry Shipper Insight



CHANGING THE RULES OF THE GAME IN AIRFREIGHT

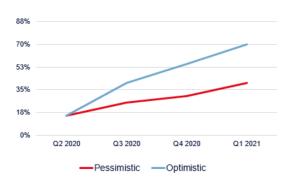






AIR CAPACITY MAY NOT RECOVER 2019 LEVEL BEFORE 2023

How do you see the passenger aircraft capacity returning to the market in the coming months?



- Government directives and increased passenger fares will impact load factors
- All carriers anticipate smaller fleets for the future with uneconomic and narrow bodied aircraft being scrapped



RATES HAVE NEVER BEEN AS VOLATILE

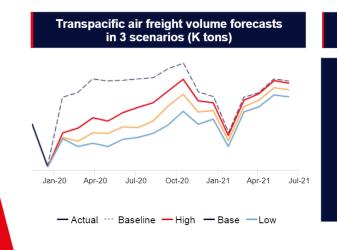
US Inbound Air Freight Rates



Oil prices add further uncertainty



FREIGHT FORWARDERS TO ENGAGE DIFFERENTLY WITH AIRLINES

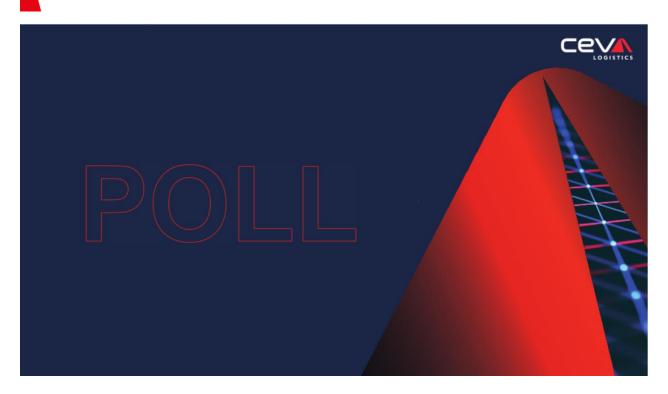


Forecasting will become critical

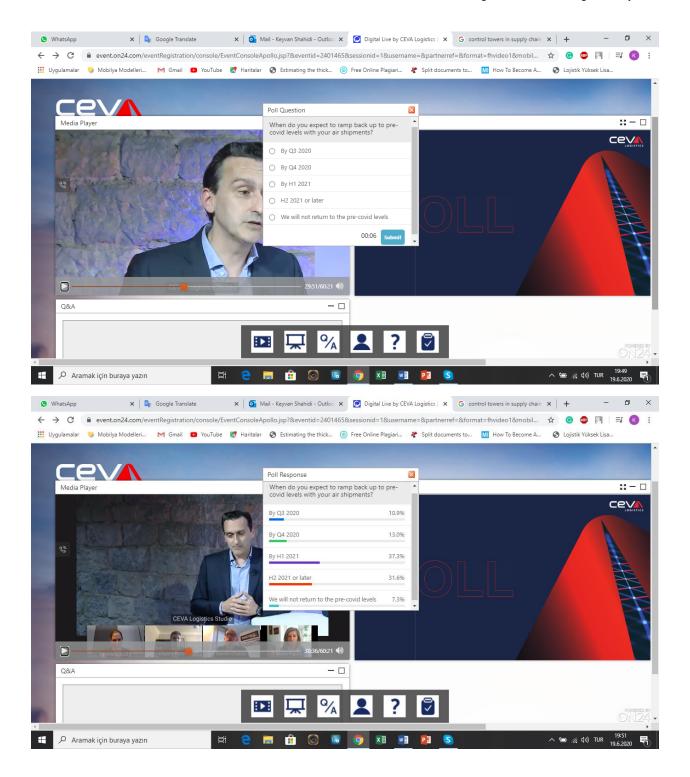
IN THIS UNCERTAIN TIME, IT'S ALL ABOUT SHARING OUR PROJECTIONS

INCREASED VISIBILITY
ALLOWS CEVA TO DELIVER
ON YOUR COMMITMENTS





Dangerous Goods Management System



PANEL SESSION

Laurent Binetti

Chief Commercial Officer CEVA Logistics









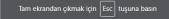


PANEL SESSION

How was your business in general and your supply chain specifically impacted by COVID 19? And what type of decisions did you have to take to manage the crisis?



PANEL SESSION



Are there any lessons you have learned from this COVID crisis that will make your supply chain stronger in the coming years?



PANEL SESSION

How would you see the next 6 to 12 months? Continuous disruptions or progressive return to normalcy?





